SCHOOL OF MATHEMATICS AND PHYSICS

Line integral of a scalar function

Evaluate the line integral, where C is the given curve.

- 1. $f(x,y) = y^3$, where $C : x = t^3, y = t, 0 \le t \le 2$.
- 2. f(x, y) = xy, where $C : x = t^2, y = 2t, 0 \le t \le 1$.
- 3. $f(x,y) = xy^4$, where C is the right half of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 16$.
- 4. $f(x,y) = x \sin y$, where C is the line segment from (0,3) to (4,6).
- 5. $f(x,y) = e^{\frac{1}{2}x-1}$, where $C: x = t, y = \cos 2t, 0 \le t \le 2\pi$.

Use the online simulation from the SciMS website to help you visualise the line integral for each case. Click on the link below:

https://teaching.smp.uq.edu.au/scims/Adv_calculus/Int_scalar_function.html

